

Pg 556 Chapter Test

1.  $(5-2)180 = 540$

$$x + 103 + 122 + 98 + 99 = 540$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x + 422 = 540 \\ -422 \quad -422 \\ \hline x = 118 \end{array}$$

2.  $(8-2)180 = 1080$

$$90 + 166 + 150 + 143 + 112 + 94 + 5x + 170 = 1080$$

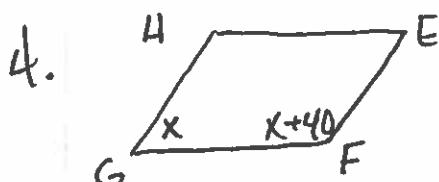
$$\begin{array}{r} 5x + 925 = 1080 \\ -925 \quad -925 \\ \hline 5x = 155 \\ \hline 5 \\ x = 31 \end{array}$$

3. external = 360

$$82 + x + 59 + 47 + 36 + 65 = 360$$

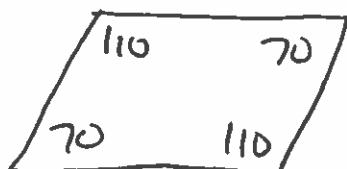
$$x + 289 = 360$$

$$x = 71$$



consecutive angles  
are supplementary

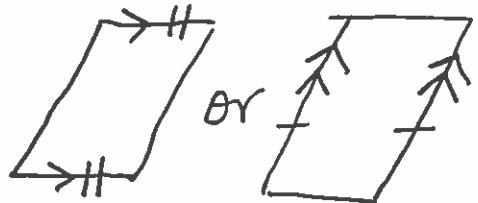
$$\begin{array}{l} x + x + 40 = 180 \\ 2x + 40 = 180 \\ -40 \quad -40 \\ \hline 2x = 140 \\ \hline 2 \\ x = 70 \end{array}$$



5. no - we don't know anything about  
the sides being parallel or congruent  
- ok - if the other angles are congruent  
to each other.

6. yes - diagonals bisect each other.

7. no - the opposite sides must be both  
parallel and congruent



8. rhombus, square

9. rectangle, square

10. rectangle, square

11. parallelogram, rectangle, rhombus, square.

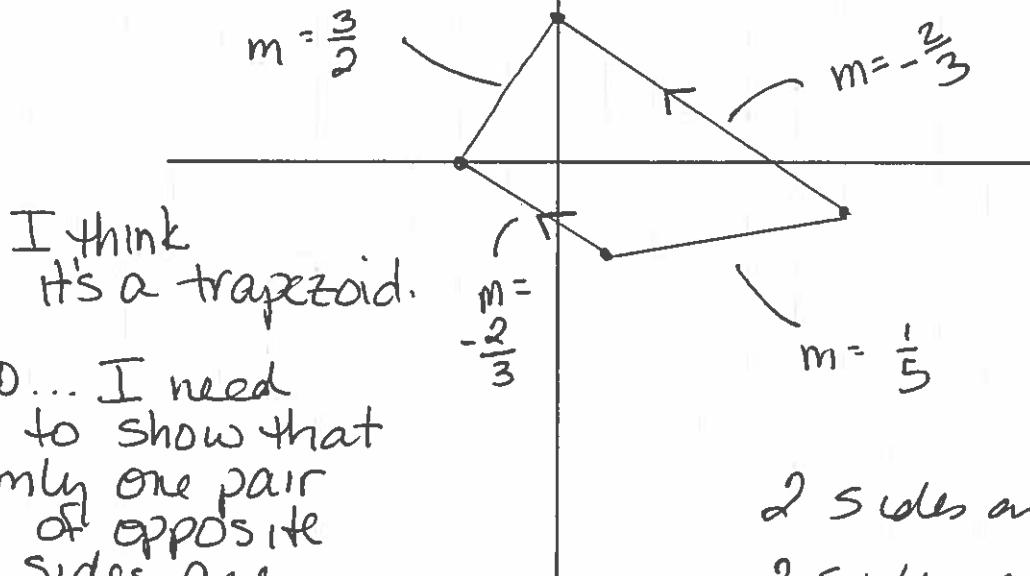
12. See graph paper

13. a. see graph paper

b. see graph paper

c. trapezoid, parallelogram, rectangle.

b2.



So... I need  
to show that  
only one pair  
of opposite  
sides are  
parallel

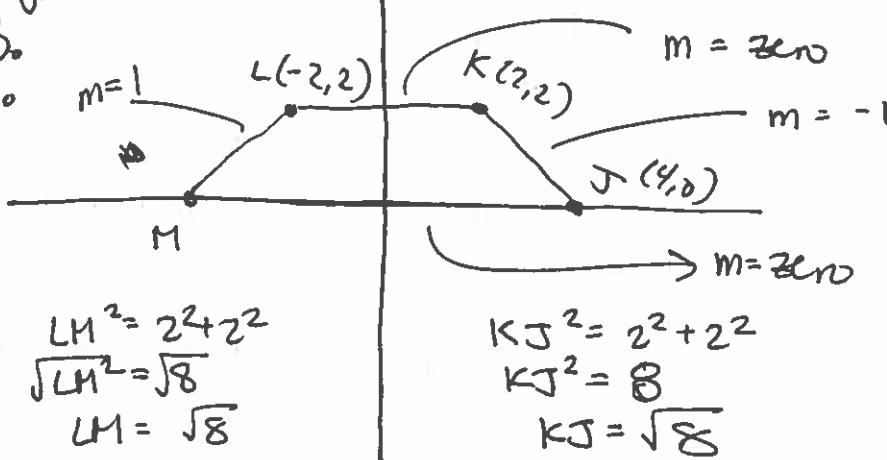
2 sides are //  
2 sides are not

trapezoid.

answers may vary.

13.

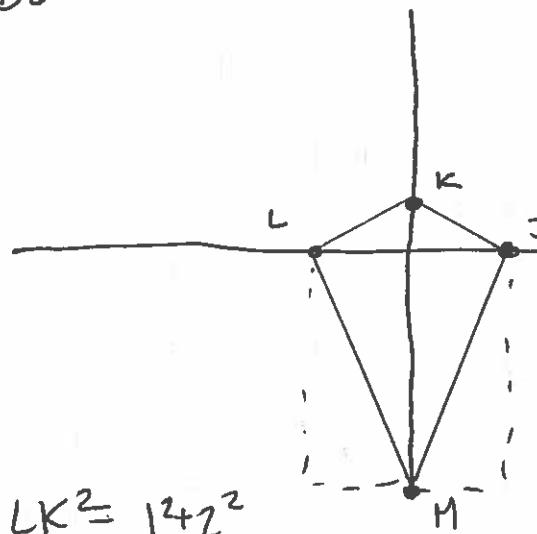
a.



isosceles  
trapezoid.

answers may vary

13b.



$$LK^2 = 1^2 + 2^2$$

$$LK = \sqrt{1+4}$$

$$KJ^2 = 1^2 + 2^2$$

$$KJ = \sqrt{5}$$

$$LK \cong KJ$$

$$\begin{aligned} LM^2 &= 5^2 + 2^2 \\ &= 25 + 4 \\ LM &= \sqrt{29} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} JM^2 &= 5^2 + 2^2 \\ JM &= \sqrt{29} \end{aligned}$$

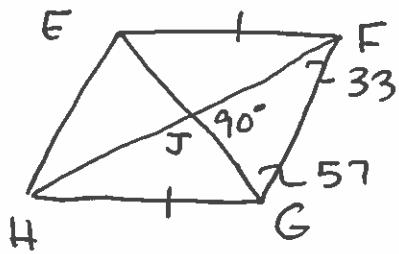
$$LM \cong JM$$

2 consecutive  
pairs of  
sides are  
congruent.

13c. trapezoid, parallelogram,  
rectangle.

14. Trapezoid - only one pair of opposite sides are parallel

15. Rhombus -

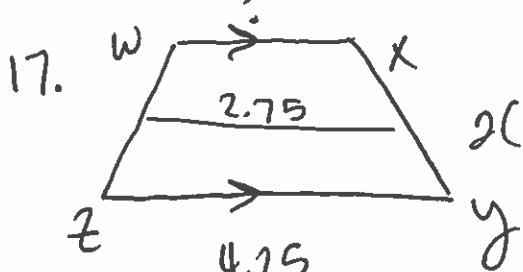


$180 - 33 - 57 = \boxed{90}$  so the diagonals are  $\perp$ .

Rhombus

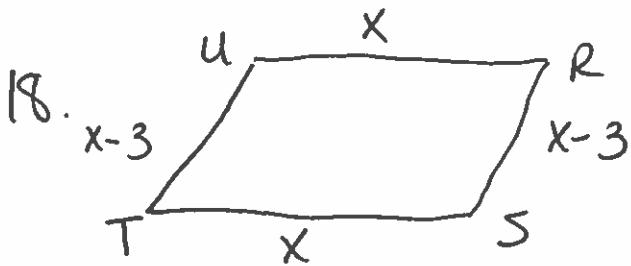
We don't know the corner measurements so we don't know if it's a square.

16. Kite pair of consecutive congruent sides and the angle is bisected



$$2(2.75) = \frac{1}{2} (4.25 + wX) \times x$$

$$\begin{aligned} 5.50 &= 4.25 + wX \\ -4.25 & \quad -4.25 \\ \underline{1.25 \text{ cm}} &= wX \end{aligned}$$



TS, UR = 12 cm  
UT, RS = 9 cm

$$x + x - 3 + x + x - 3 = 42$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4x - 6 = 42 \\ +6 \quad \quad +6 \\ \hline 4x = 48 \end{array}$$

$$x = 12$$